

英語

中学3年

発展編

● 本書の構成と特色 ●

- 全体の構成 このテキストは、有名私立高および国立高を目指す人のための入試直前用教材として、入試で頻繁に出題される内容を短期間で、効率的にマスターできるように工夫、編集されています。
- 単元の構成
 - ◆ 単元1～3……出題形式別に整理した問題演習を通じて、重要な文法事項や頻出連語などを整理することができます。問題は、練成問題 → 発展問題の順で構成されていますので、無理なく学習することができます。
 - ◆ 単元4～5……出題形式別に整理した問題演習を通じて、重要構文や重要表現など、英作文に必要な事項を整理することができます。問題は、練成問題 → 発展問題の順で構成されていますので、無理なく学習することができます。
 - ◆ 単元6……入試で最も比重が置かれる長文読解総合問題を、よく出題されるテーマを中心に精選し、さまざまな設問形式を収録しています。また、一部の難関私立高の長文に含まれる発展的な文法事項を扱うことにより、万全の準備ができるようになっています。
 - ◆ 単元7……発音や語彙に関する問題を収録しています。問題は、練成問題 → 発展問題の順で構成されていますので、無理なく学習することができます。
*入試問題は必要に応じて改題されていることがあります。

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1 文法(動詞, 前置詞, 連語など)問題演習

■学習日 /

練成問題

① 次の〔 〕に入る語(句)をあとから一つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) My brother〔 〕when I came home. 〈成城学園〉
 ア has studied イ is studying ウ studies エ was studying
- (2) I〔 〕to Canada when I was two years old, but I don't remember it at all. 〈筑波大附駒場〉
 ア go イ went ウ have gone エ have been
- (3) I'll phone you as soon as I〔 〕in London. 〈青雲〉
 ア arrive イ arrived ウ will arrive
- (4) My grandfather〔 〕for three years. 〈青雲〉
 ア died イ was death ウ has been dead エ had died
- (5) Stop〔 〕and listen to me. 〈実践学園〉
 ア talking イ talks ウ to talk エ talk
- (6) My mother told me〔 〕there alone. 〈成城学園〉
 ア to go イ going ウ went エ go
- (7) There's someone〔 〕behind us. We had better run. 〈青山学院〉
 ア walk イ walks ウ to walk エ walking
- (8) A bus〔 〕25 people ran into a building last night. 〈筑波大附駒場〉
 ア carry イ carries ウ carried エ carrying
- (9) The〔 〕guests were very old. 〈成城学園〉
 ア invited イ invite ウ invites エ inviting
- (10) These are the books〔 〕by young people. 〈成城学園〉
 ア to read イ reading ウ read エ have read
- (11) A boy〔 〕John gave you a call while you were out. 〈筑波大附駒場〉
 ア call イ calls ウ called エ calling
- (12) Houses〔 〕of wood are easy to burn. 〈青雲〉
 ア make イ to make ウ made エ making

② 次の〔 〕に入る語をあとから一つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) Bill is the tallest〔 〕all the boys in his class. 〈実践学園〉
 ア in イ with ウ from エ of
- (2) Anne has played tennis〔 〕she was five. 〈青雲〉
 ア since イ till ウ when
- (3) Ray will stay in London〔 〕Sunday. 〈森村学園〉
 ア in イ by ウ since エ till
- (4) I'd like to finish this job〔 〕lunch because I'll be out all afternoon. 〈東大寺学園〉
 ア after イ before ウ until エ while

4 次の()内の語を適する形に直しなさい。ただし、ほかの語を補って二語になる場合もあります。

- (1) She has just finished _____ the wall. (paint) <文教大附>
- (2) Would you mind _____ the window? (open) <洛星>
- (3) I am fond of _____ stamps. (collect) <関西学院>
- (4) Toshio decided _____ in America. (study) <文教大附>
- (5) Can I have something cold _____? (drink) <洛星>
- (6) Tom and I decided when _____ fishing. (go) <洛星>
- (7) Who is the girl _____ on the bench? (sit) <関西学院>
- (8) Does a new car cost more than a _____ car? (use) <洛星>
- (9) The man _____ by the police was the thief. (catch) <文教大附>
- (10) The magazine is _____ at that bookstore. (sell) <関西学院>
- (11) The boy who has blue eyes _____ my cousin. (be) <関西学院>
- (12) A : How is your father? <青山学院>
 B : He's fine. He _____ for New York last month. Since then, he
 _____ me twice. He said he enjoyed _____ there.
 (leave), (call), (stay)

5 次の日本語に合うように、 _____ に適する語を書き入れなさい。

- (1) わたしは学校から家に帰る途中で友だちのひとりに会った。 <土佐>
 I met a friend of mine _____ the way back home from school.
- (2) きょうは寒いから、忘れずにセーターを着なさい。 <洛星>
 It's cold today. Don't forget to put _____ your sweater.
- (3) わたしはこの学校のバスケットボール部に所属しています。 <洛星>
 I belong _____ the basketball team of this school.
- (4) わたしの友人は、自分のおじいさんの名にちなんで息子をジョージと名付けた。 <洛星>
 My friend named his son George _____ his grandfather.
- (5) ラフカディオ・ハーンは小泉八雲という名前でも知られている。 <洛星>
 Lafcadio Hearn is known _____ Koizumi Yakumo.

6 次の各組の()に共通して入る語をそれぞれ一語ずつ答えなさい。

- (1) I usually have bread and milk () breakfast. <学習院高等科>
 It is not difficult () you to answer the question. _____
- (2) We must finish this work () this weekend. <東京学芸大附>
 You have enough time, and you don't have to go () taxi. _____
- (3) What's the matter () you? <郁文館>
 Will you please help me () my homework? _____
- (4) You'll never have a good time in Disneyland () spending money. <早稲田実業>
 We cannot live () water. _____
- (5) She looked at me () a smile. <学習院高等科>
 Do you know that girl () blue eyes? _____

発展問題

1 次の〔 〕に入る語(句)をあとから一つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- (1) Both players and supporters got too〔 〕during the game. <青山学院>
ア excitement イ excited ウ exciting エ excite
- (2) How〔 〕does the show begin? <青雲>
ア fast イ quickly ウ soon
- (3) When I looked up, I saw some wild birds flying〔 〕the sky. <青山学院>
ア over イ across ウ above エ along
- (4) I can't hear the radio. Could you turn〔 〕the television a little? <青山学院>
ア on イ off ウ up エ down
- (5) He is now working not as an actor,〔 〕as a musician. <青山学院>
ア and イ but ウ such エ or
- (6) Your English sounds a little〔 〕French. <青山学院>
ア as イ to ウ in エ like
- (7) The gentleman is talking〔 〕a happy look on his face. <青雲>
ア at イ in ウ to エ with
- (8) He is〔 〕to make such a mistake. <甲陽学院>
ア not enough wise イ enough not wise ウ wise not enough エ wise enough not
- (9) How old〔 〕? ア do you think am I イ do you think I am <青山学院>
ウ I am do you think エ am I do you think
- (10) This river is dangerous to〔 〕in July. <東大寺学園>
ア being swum イ swim in ウ swim it エ swimming
- (11)〔 〕my friends are over thirty. <東大寺学園>
ア Most イ Most of ウ The most エ The most of
- (12) She caught me〔 〕the arm. <日本大学高>
ア with イ by ウ in エ to
- (13) That T-shirt looks good〔 〕you. <青山学院>
ア on イ in ウ at エ for

2 次の各組の()に共通して入る語をあとからそれぞれ一つずつ選んで書きなさい。ただし、同じものを二度使ってはいけません。 <大阪星光学院>

- (1) Look ()! There's a car coming at you!
"Is Dick in?" — "No, he's () and won't be back till nine o'clock."
- (2) You should cut () those trees. They're too near to the house.
The elevator has broken () and everybody has to use the stairs.
- (3) A young girl shouldn't need to make () her face very much.
I don't think they'll be () yet. It's only five o'clock in the morning.
- (4) She took () her glove so that she could show () her ring.
【around, back, down, in, off, on, out, up】

3 次の _____ に入る語をあとからそれぞれ一つずつ選び、適する形に直して書き入れなさい。 <土佐>

- (1) “Can you see a dog _____ around that big tree?” — “Yes, it’s Mary’s.”
- (2) He put his hand through the _____ window and opened it carefully. “Now who’s going to get in and open the front door,” he thought.
- (3) Tom has _____ happy with Mary since she told him that she loved him.
- (4) He earned the money for his foreign travel by _____ as a waiter during the summer months.
- (5) You don’t have to be silent when you’re _____ to say something.
【ask, be, break, run, work】

4 次の _____ に入る語をあとからそれぞれ一つずつ選び、適する形に直して書き入れなさい。ただし、ほかの語を補って二語になる場合もあります。 <成城学園>

- (1) He _____ to know that his son has passed the test.
- (2) He went out of the room without _____ a word.
- (3) I asked my father _____ me an interesting story.
- (4) This is a picture _____ ten years ago.
- (5) They _____ dinner when I visited them.
【take, tell, have, surprise, say】

5 次の _____ に入る語をあとからそれぞれ一つずつ選び、適する形に直して書き入れなさい。 <明大中野>

- (1) Put away your toys _____ on the floor.
- (2) I was _____ to by a stranger on the street.
- (3) The doctor advised me to give up _____ too much salt.
- (4) They crossed the river in a small boat _____ of wood.
- (5) We’ll play the game again when it _____ raining.
【take, make, lie, stop, speak】

6 次の①～⑩の()に入る最も適する動詞を答えなさい。ただし、()内に与えられている文字で始まる語とします。 <お茶の水女子大附>

Helen’s eyes were not very good, so she usually ①(w) glasses. But when she was seventeen and she began to go out with a young man, she never ①(w) her glasses when she was with him. When he came to the door to take her out, she ②(t) her glasses off, and when she came home again and he ③(l), she ④(p) them on.

One day her mother said to her, “Helen, why do you never ⑤(w) your glasses when you are with Jim? He ⑥(t) you to beautiful places in his car, but you don’t ⑦(s) anything.”

“Well, Mother,” said Helen, “I ⑧(l) prettier to Jim when I am not ⑨(w) my glasses — and he ⑩(l) better to me, too!”

- ① _____ ② _____ ③ _____ ④ _____ ⑤ _____
- ⑥ _____ ⑦ _____ ⑧ _____ ⑨ _____ ⑩ _____

7 「 」内の日本語の意味に合うように、 に適する語を書き入れなさい。

- (1) Look at the man a blue shirt. 「青いシャツを着ている」 〈土佐〉
- (2) The cherry blossoms are their best. 「真っ盛りで」 〈洛星〉
- (3) She took part the speech contest last October. 「出場した」 〈土佐〉
- (4) I ate bread instead rice this morning. 「ごはんを食べないで」 〈土佐〉

8 次の各組の()に共通して入る語をそれぞれ一語ずつ答えなさい。

- (1) This music is very popular () young people. 〈早稲田実業〉
Well, () all the sports, basketball is my favorite one.
- (2) Is the game () yet? 〈日本大学高〉
Look at the bridge () the river.
- (3) I have never seen him but I know him () name. 〈立教〉
Did you do your homework () yourself?
- (4) It snowed all () the night and snow was over everything the next morning.
All the students must come to school from Monday () Saturday at this school. 〈早稲田実業〉

9 次の に適当な一語を書き入れなさい。

- (1) There're some differences American English and British English. 〈高知学芸〉
- (2) I know nothing about it all. 〈土佐塾〉
- (3) Call me as as you hear some news about the accident. 〈土佐塾〉
- (4) It was raining hard, but the boat was able to sail the lake. 〈高知学芸〉
- (5) A : Would you lending me your dictionary? 〈開成〉
B : No, not at all. I'd be glad to.
- (6) A : How do you eat lunch with him? 〈学習院高等科〉
B : Twice a week.
- (7) a while the boy stopped crying. 〈高知学芸〉
- (8) It is never late to learn, if you really want to. 〈愛光〉
- (9) "What are these flowers made ?" — "Paper." 〈土佐塾〉
- (10) "This is Tom. Is Ken at home?" — "Sorry. He's to the bookstore." 〈愛光〉
- (11) "Welcome to our party. Have a good time." — "Thank you for me." 〈愛光〉
- (12) "What of person is he?" — "A little strange." 〈土佐塾〉
- (13) If you want to drive a car, you have to wait you are eighteen. 〈土佐塾〉
- (14) John is not tall to be a pro baseball player. 〈土佐塾〉
- (15) "Where did you stay in London?" — " my uncle." 〈土佐塾〉
- (16) She looked at him and laughed a big voice. 〈大阪教育大附池田〉
- (17) The story will be translated many languages. 〈土佐塾〉
- (18) Do you know what BBC stands ? 〈高知学芸〉
- (19) We are sure that the earth will be free pollution in the future. 〈高知学芸〉